

On three-point correlations in pure Landau gauge QCD

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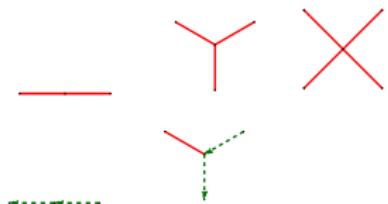
Gluonic sector of quantum chromodynamics: Yang-Mills theory

$$\mathcal{L} = \frac{1}{2} F^2 + \mathcal{L}_{gf} + \mathcal{L}_{gh}$$

$$F_{\mu\nu} = \partial_\mu \mathbf{A}_\nu - \partial_\nu \mathbf{A}_\mu + i g [\mathbf{A}_\mu, \mathbf{A}_\nu]$$

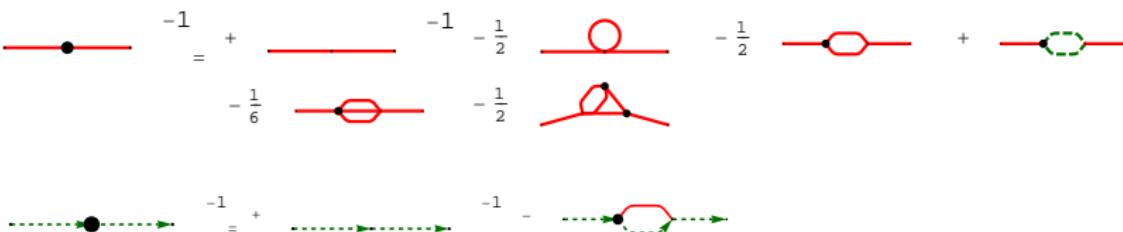
Landau gauge

- ▶ simplest one for functional equations
- ▶ $\partial_\mu \mathbf{A}_\mu = 0$: $\mathcal{L}_{gf} = \frac{1}{2\xi} (\partial_\mu \mathbf{A}_\mu)^2$, $\xi \rightarrow 0$
- ▶ requires ghost fields: $\mathcal{L}_{gh} = \bar{\mathbf{c}} (-\square + g \mathbf{A} \times) \mathbf{c}$



Dyson-Schwinger equations: Propagators

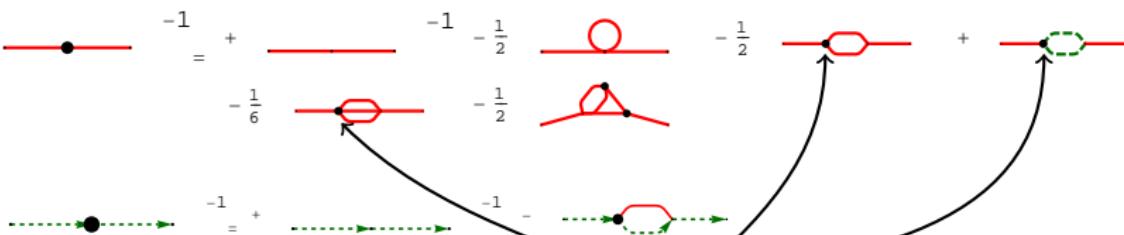
Dyson-Schwinger equations (DSEs) of gluon and ghost propagators:



- ▶ **Infinite tower** of coupled integral equations.
 - ▶ Derivation straightforward, but tedious
→ automated derivation with *DoFun* [MQH, Braun, CPC183 (2012); Alkofer, MQH, Schwenzer, CPC180 (2009)].
 - ▶ Contain three-point and four-point functions:
ghost-gluon vertex , three-gluon vertex , four-gluon vertex

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Truncated propagator Dyson-Schwinger equations

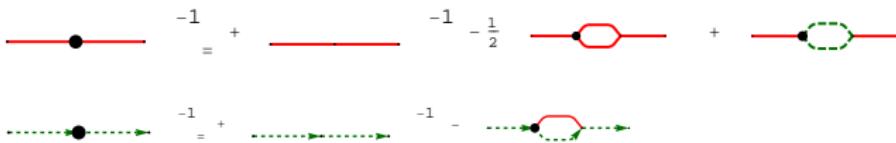
Standard truncation:

- ▶ No four-point interactions
- ▶ models for ghost-gluon and three-gluon vertices

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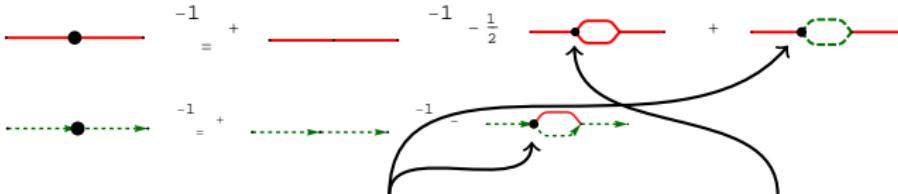
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Truncated propagator Dyson-Schwinger equations

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- ▶ models for ghost-gluon and three-gluon vertices



Standard: bare ghost-gluon vertex and three-gluon vertex model

$$D_{gl,\mu\nu}^{ab}(p) = \left(g_{\mu\nu} - \frac{p_\mu p_\nu}{p^2} \right) \frac{Z(p^2)}{p^2} \delta^{ab}$$

Influence of three-point functions?

$$D_{gh}^{ab}(p) = -\frac{G(p^2)}{p^2} \delta^{ab}$$

Improving truncations

| 1979 | ✓ | 0 | 0 | model | qual. wrong* |
|------|---|---|-------|-------|-----------------------|
| 1997 | ✓ | ✓ | model | model | qual. ok** |
| 2012 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | model | quant. improvement*** |
| 2014 | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | **** |

* [Mandelstam, PRD20 (1979)]

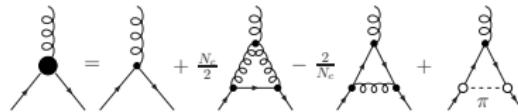
** [von Smekal, Hauck, Alkofer, PRL79 (1997); Aguilar, Binosi, Papavassiliou PRD78 (2008); Fischer, Maas, Pawłowski, AP324 (2009); Pennington, Wilson, PRD84 (2001); Llanes-Estrada, Williams, PRD86 (2012); Strauss, Fischer, Kellermann, PRL109 (2012)]

*** [MQH, von Smekal, JHEP04 (2013)]

**** [Blum, MQH, Mitter, von Smekal, to app. in PRD, 1401.0713]

Three-gluon vertex

- ▶ Solve quark-gluon vertex



- ▶ Bound state calculations:
required for some ideas to go beyond rainbow-ladder. E. g.:

- ▶ Include gluon self-interaction

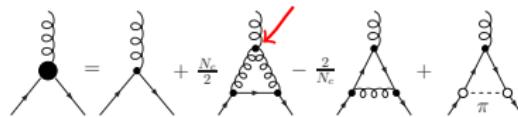
[e.g., Maris, Tandy, NPPS161 (2006); Fischer, Williams, PRL103 (2009)]:



- ▶ Quantitatively important in mid-momentum regime.
⇒ Quantitative impact at non-zero temperature and density.

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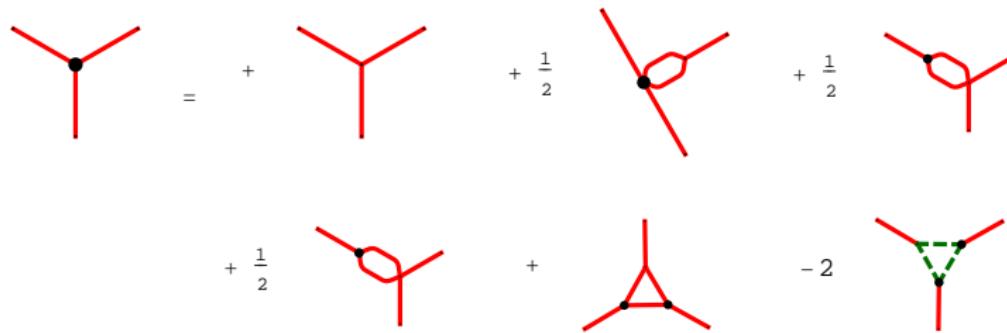
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Three-gluon vertex: Truncation

- ▶ Restrict to tree-level tensor, viz. disregard three tensors.
Solution with full transverse basis: [Eichmann, Williams, Alkofer, Vujinovic, 1402.1365]
→ Tree-level dominant.
- ▶ UV leading one-loop diagrams only: triangles and swordfish.
- ▶ Four-gluon vertex: model.

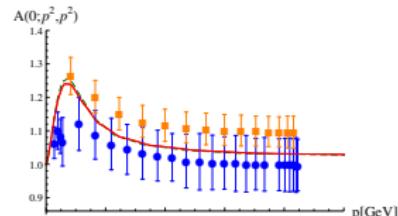
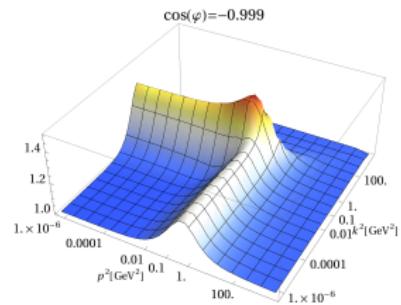
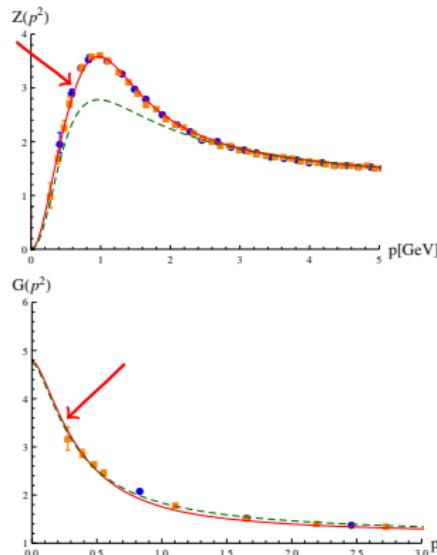


- ▶ Bose symmetrization.

Propagator and ghost-gluon vertex input

Dynamic ghost-gluon vertex, opt. eff. three-gluon vertex:

[MQH, von Smekal, JHEP04 (2013)]



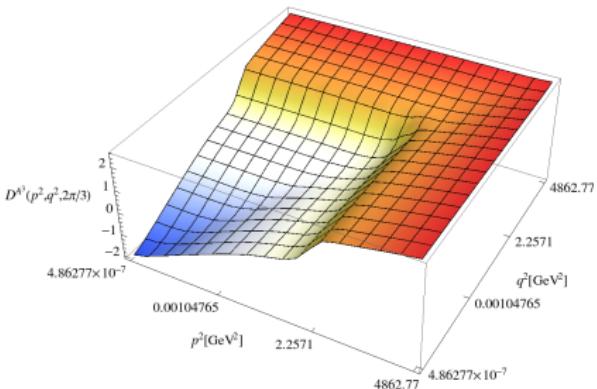
ghost-gluon vertex
lattice data:
[Sternbeck (2006)]

Good quantitative agreement for ghost *and* gluon dressings.

Results three-gluon vertex (standalone)

$$\Gamma_{\mu\nu\rho}^{AAA,abc}(p, q, k) := i g f^{abc} D^{AAA}(p^2, q^2, \cos \theta) \Gamma_{\mu\nu\rho}^{AAA,(0)}(p, q, k)$$

Fixed angle:



- ▶ Correct UV behavior.
- ▶ Zero crossing (at least in this tensor).
- ▶ No angle dependence seen.

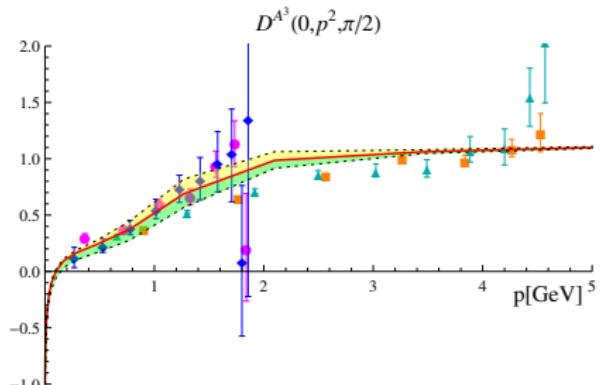
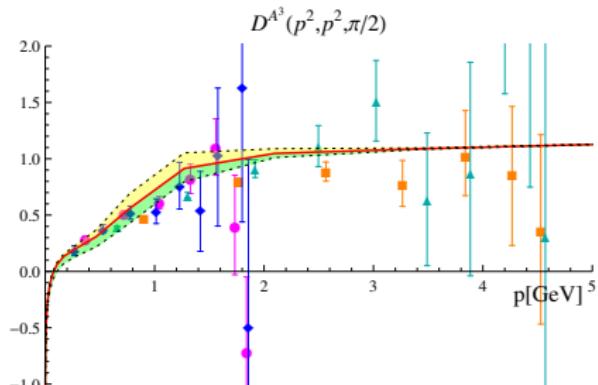
[Blum, MQH, Mitter, von Smekal, to app. in PRD, 1401.0713]

Results three-gluon vertex (standalone)

Four-gluon vertex model:

$$D^{A^4}(p, q, r, s) = (a \tanh(b/\bar{p}^2) + 1) D_{RG}^{A^4}(p, q, r, s)$$

→ Test model dependence by varying a and b .



[Blum, MQH, Mitter, von Smekal, to app. in PRD, 1401.0713]; lattice: [Cucchieri, Maas, Mendes, PRD77]

→ Truncation reliable.

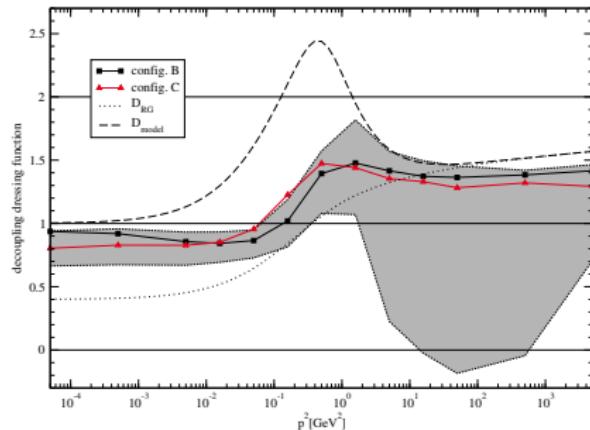
Input: Lattice equivalent propagators and three-point functions.

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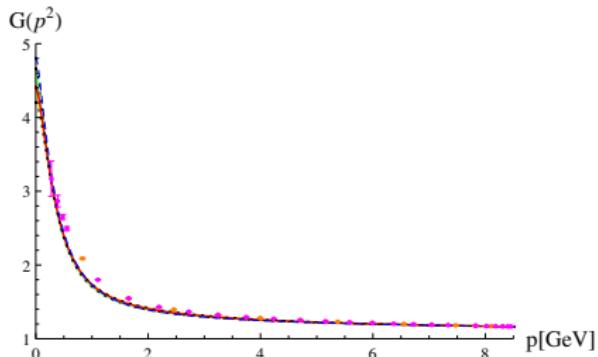
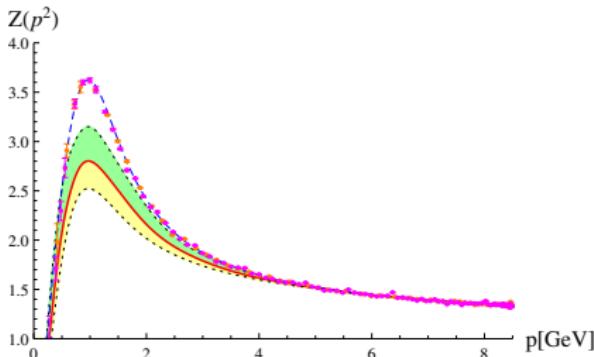
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Comparison model and DSE result:



[Cyrol, MQH, von Smekal, in prep.]

Results of propagators with calculated three-gluon vertex

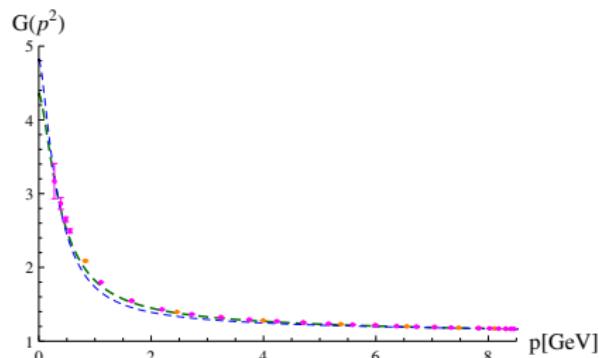
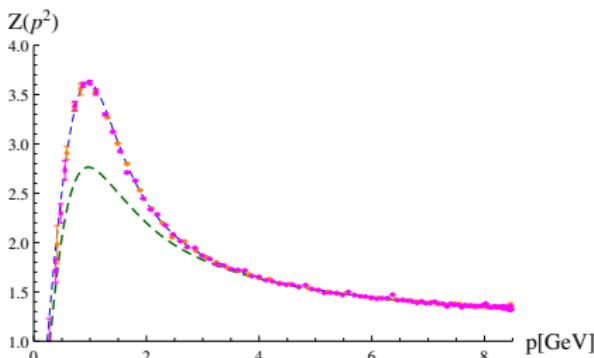


[Blum, MQH, Mitter, von Smekal, to app. in PRD, 1401.0713]

- ▶ Ghost almost unaffected.
- ▶ Gap in midmomentum regime must be due to missing two-loop diagrams!

Results of three-point closed calculation

Calculate all four two- and three-point functions.



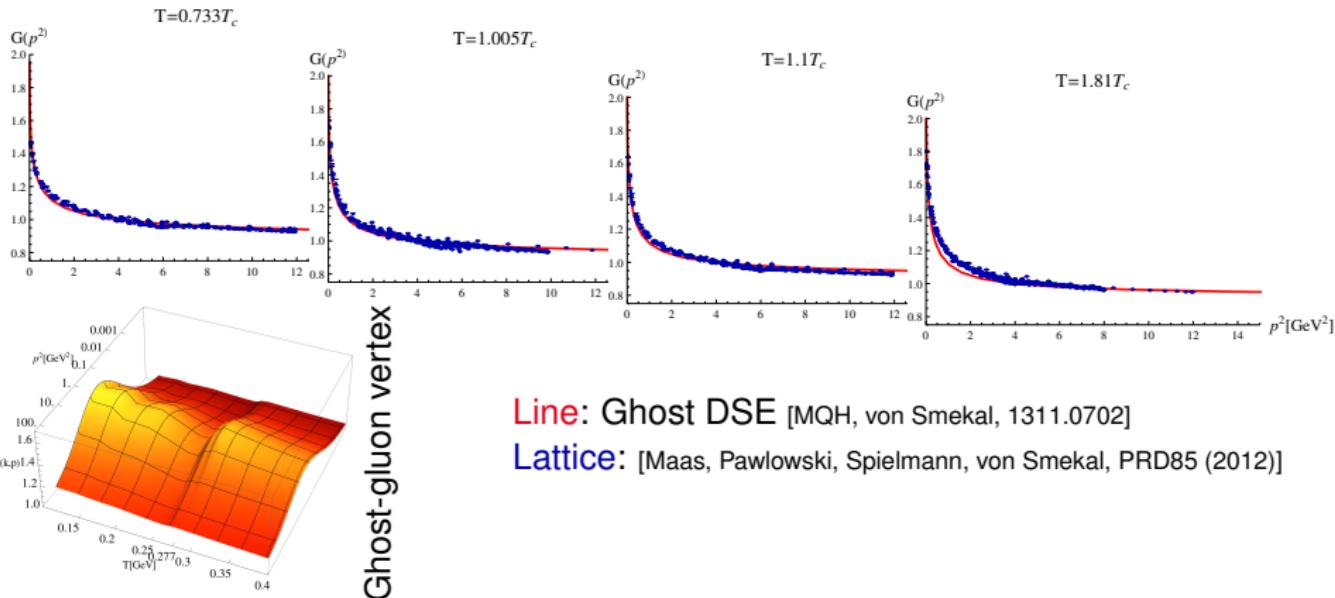
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- ▶ Ghost almost unaffected.
- ▶ Close to previous solutions with modeled three-point functions.
- ▶ Gap in midmomentum regime due to missing two-loop diagrams.

A glimpse at non-zero temperature

First steps towards full system:

Take some lattice input for gluon propagator [Fischer, Maas, Müller, EPJC68 (2010)]



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 - reduce dependence on external input
 - basis for further calculations where no direct crosschecks are possible,
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- ▶ Propagators + ghost-gluon vertex + improved three-gluon vertex model:
Lattice equivalent results [MQH, von Smekal, JHEP04 (2013)] → good propagator input.

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Thank you for your attention.